



- Year 1 – Family Album – UK capitals and seas
- Year 2 – Where I Live – Local area and UK
- Year 3 – What the Romans Did – The UK region
- Year 6 – London – Thames River Study

Key Geographic Knowledge

England consists of 48 counties the origins of which come from kingdoms and shires created by Anglo-Saxons as well as other previous inhabitants of England.

Settlement sites are chosen and grow due to a variety of criteria such as natural resources, transport links, defence, agriculture etc.

Great Britain is a geographical term for the island made up of England, Scotland and Wales

The United Kingdom is a sovereign state made up of the four countries England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

Physical Features in the UK:

- The River Thames – England
- Loch Ness – Scotland
- Snowdonia – Wales
- The Giant's Causeway – Northern Ireland

Humans Features in the UK:

- The Houses of Parliament – England
- The Forth Bridge - Scotland
- Cardiff Castle – Wales
- Parliament buildings at Stormont – Northern Ireland

Working Geographically

Physical

To identify unique physical features from each of the countries of the United Kingdom.

To identify the physical factors that affect choice and growth of settlement sites

Human

To identify unique human features from each of the countries of the United Kingdom.

To evaluate settlement sites and identify their development.

Locational

To locate modern day English counties that had their origins as Anglo-Saxon Kingdoms.

Mapping

To compare a variety of maps (including ordinance survey maps) of the same area.

Read and plot points on maps using symbols and 6 figure grid references.

Enquiry

To develop causal questions e.g. how have settlement sites been chosen/developed?

Communication

To identify patterns and communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, such as maps, diagrams etc.



Geographic Vocabulary

Settlement - A place (often previously uninhabited) where people set up a community.

Agriculture - Faming, including cultivating soil for growing crops and keeping animals as livestock.

Livestock - Farm animals that are kept and thought of as an asset not a pet as they are useful.

Transport - To take or carry from one place to another usually by means of a vehicle.

Natural Resources - Materials that are found in nature that can be utilised.

Defence - The act of preventing attack.

Supply - To make available.

County - Divisions of a country, sometimes governed independently.

Physical Feature – Things around us that were created by nature without any human involvement.

Human Feature – Things around us that were created by humans.

Great Britain – A geographic term for the island made up of the countries England, Scotland and Wales.

United Kingdom – A sovereign state made up of the four countries England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

