St Albert's P.E Progression Map 2020/21



At St Albert's we believe that sport plays an important part in a child's life, as it contributes to the health and wellbeing of our children. Sporting excellence and participation, alongside opportunities, go hand in hand with academic standards. As well as completing two hours of P.E per week, every child is given the opportunity to attend an after school sports club in order to increase their levels of physical activity. Children also compete against other schools in competitions in order to increase their understanding and enjoyment of sport.



EXFS Intent: The characteristics taught through games, gymnastics and dance will allow them to become resilient and mentally strong. They will transfer these skills taught into everyday life, allowing them to be ambitious, courageous and competitive in challenging situations. Each skill learnt will then be practised and revisited throughout the year. This will enable children to develop fundamental moving skills that allow them to be competent and confident to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others.

Physical Development in the EYFS includes two strands - Moving & handling and Health & Self-care. For the purpose of this document the main links to the PE curriculum will be highlighted via Moving and Handling. Links to Expressive Arts and Design are also included - Using and exploring media and materials and Being Imaginative

EYFS STAGE	Development matters	
L/13 31/AGL		
	16-26 Months PD - Moving and handling	30-50 Months PD - Moving and
	· Walk upstairs holding hand of adult. ·	handling
F3/F2	Comes downstairs backwards on knees (crawling).	· Moves freely and with pleasure and
	· Make connections between their movement and the	confidence in a range of ways, such as
	marks they make.	slithering, shuffling,
		rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping,
	22-36 Months PD - Moving and handling	skipping, sliding and hopping.
	· Runs safely on whole foot.	· Mounts stairs, steps or climbing
	· Squats with steadiness to rest or play with object on	equipment using alternate feet.
	the ground, and rises to feet without using hands.	Runs skilfully and negotiates space
	· Climbs confidently and is beginning to pull themselves	successfully, adjusting speed or direction to
	up on nursery play climbing equipment.	avoid obstacles.
	· Can kick a large ball.	· Can stand momentarily on one foot when
	· Walks upstairs or downstairs holding onto a rail two	shown.
	feet to a step.	· Can catch a large ball.

	· May be beginning to show preference for dominant	· Draws lines and circles using gross motor
	hand.	movements.
		30-50 Months EAD - Using and
		exploring media and materials/Being
		Imaginative
		Beginning to move rhythmically.
		· Imitates movement in response to music.
		· Developing preferences for forms of
		expression.
		· Úses movement to express feelings.
		· Creates movement in response to music.
Reception	40-60 Months PD - Moving and handling	ELGs Months PD - Moving and handling
	· Experiments with different ways of moving.	
	· Jumps off an object and lands appropriately.	Children show good control and co-
	· Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and	ordination in large and small movements.
	chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or	They move confidently in
	changing direction to avoid obstacles.	a range of ways, safely negotiating space.
	· Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over	They handle equipment and tools
	and through balancing and climbing equipment.	effectively.
	· Shows increasing control over an object in pushing,	
	patting, throwing, catching or kicking it.	Early Learning Goal - EAD - Using and
	· Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials.	exploring media and materials
	· Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable	Children sing songs, make music and
	materials safely and with increasing control.	dance, and experiment with ways of
	· Shows a preference for a dominant hand.	changing them.

40-60 Months EAD - Using and exploring media

and materials/Being Imaginative

• Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances.

• Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences.

Early Learning Goal - EAD - Being Imaginative

They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

Athletics

Key	Stage 1	Lower Ke	ey Stage 2	Upper Ke	y Stage 2	
increasingly competent a broad range of activi balance and coordinati	novement skills, becoming and confident, and access ties to extend their agility, on;	and access a broad range of opportunities to learn how t		and access a broad range of opportunities to learn hour to evaluate and re		ivities and sports, and
Learning Outcomes:						
Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Be able to evaluate their performance using time; Know and understand quicker and slower ways of travelling; Develop fundamental movement skills. E.g. hopping, skipping; Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities in a range of increasingly challenging situations;	Be able to attempt a variety of throwing techniques in order to improve accuracy; Know and understand how the position of the body affects throwing performance; Develop fundamental movement skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident, and access a broad range of activities to extend their agility,	Run at fast, medium and slow speeds, changing speed and direction; Be able to run, jump and throw using a variety of techniques Know and understand how altering the movement of any parts of the body during performance affects end results Learn to use skills in different ways and	Link running and jumping activities with some fluency, control and consistency; Make up and repeat a short sequence of linked jumps; Take part in a relay activity, remembering when to run and what to do; Throw a variety of objects, changing their	Understand and demonstrate the difference between sprinting and running for sustained periods; Know and demonstrate a range of throwing techniques; Throw with some accuracy and power into a target area; Perform a range of jumps, showing consistent technique	Choose the best pace for a running event, so that they can sustain their running and improve on a personal target; Show control at take-off in jumping activities; Show accuracy and good technique when throwing for distance;	

balance and coordination; Engage in competit and cooperative phactivities in a rangincreasingly challes situations; Be able to perform 2:2, 2:1 and 1:1 jumps Know and understance different jumps techniques affect distance travelled;	ysical understanding of how to improve in different physical activities 1:2, Ind	action for accuracy and distance; Recognize when their heart rate, temperature and breathing rate have changed	and sometimes using a short run-up; Play different roles in small groups; Relate different types of activity to different heart rates and body temperatures, and use some of these activities when warming up; Compare and contrast performances using appropriate language	Organise and manage an athletic event well; Understand how stamina and power help people to perform well in different athletic activities; Identify good athletic performance and explain why it is good, using agreed criteria
--	--	---	--	---

<u>Dance</u>

Learning Outcomes:					
Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Perform basic body actions; Use different parts of the body singly and	Perform body actions with control and coordination;	Improvise freely, translating ideas from a stimulus into movement;	Respond imaginatively to a range of stimuli related to character and narrative;	Compose motifs and plan dances creatively and collaboratively in groups;	Work creatively and imaginatively on their own, with a partner and in a
in combination; Show some sense of	Choose movements with different dynamic qualities to make a	Create dance phrases that communicate	Use simple motifs and movement patterns to structure dance	Adapt and refine the way they use weight, space and rhythm in	group to compose motifs and structure simple dances;
dynamic, expressive and rhythmic qualities in their own dance;	dance phrase that expresses an idea, mood or feeling;	ideas; Share and create dance phrases with a	phrases on their own, with a partner and in a group;	their dances to express themselves in the style of dance they use;	Perform to an accompaniment expressively and
Choose appropriate movements for different dance ideas;	Link actions; Remember and repeat dance phrases;	partner and in a small group; Repeat, remember and	Refine, repeat and remember dance phrases and dances;	Perform different styles of dance clearly and fluently;	sensitively; Perform dances fluently and with
Remember and repeat short dance phrases and simple dances;	Perform short dances, showing an understanding of	perform these phrases in a dance; Use dynamic,	Perform dances clearly and fluently; Show sensitivity to	Organise their own warm-up and cool- down exercises;	control; Warm up and cool down independently;
Move with control; Vary the way they use space;	expressive qualities; Describe how dancing affects their body;	rhythmic and expressive qualities clearly and with control;	the dance idea and the accompaniment; Show a clear understanding of how	Show an understanding of safe exercising;	Understand how dance helps to keep them healthy;

Describe basic body actions and simple	Know why it is important to be active;	Understand the importance of	to warm up and cool down safely;	Recognise and comment on dances,	Use appropriate criteria to evaluate
actions and simple expressive and dynamic qualities of movement	Suggest ways they could improve their work; Be able to link and perform a series of Movements based on imaginary characters	warming up and cooling down; Recognise and talk about the movements used and the Expressive qualities of dance; Suggest improvements	aown safety; Describe, interpret and evaluate dance, Using appropriate language	comment on dances, showing an understanding of style; Suggest ways to improve their own and other people's work	criteria to evaluate and refine their own and others' work; Talk about dance with understanding, using appropriate Language and terminology
		to their own and other people's dances			

Gymnastics

Learning Outcomes:	earning Outcomes:					
Year I	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Show basic control and coordination when travelling and when remaining still; Choose and link 'like' actions; Remember and repeat these actions accurately and consistently; Find and use space safely, with an awareness of others; Identify and copy the basic actions of gymnasts; Use words such as rolling, travelling, balancing, climbing;	Plan and repeat simple sequences of actions; show contrasts in shape; Perform a sequence that shows clear change of speed; Perform the basic gymnastic actions with coordination, control and variety; Recognise and describe how they feel after exercise; Describe what their bodies feel like during gymnastic activity; Describe what they and others have done;	Use a greater number of their own ideas for movements in response to a task; Choose and plan sequences of contrasting actions; Adapt sequences to suit different types of apparatus and their partner's ability; Explain how strength and suppleness affect performance; Compare and contrast gymnastic sequences, commenting on Similarities and differences;	Perform actions, balances, body shapes and agilities with control; Plan, perform and repeat longer sequences that include changes of speed and level, clear shapes and quality of movement; Adapt their own movements to include a partner in a sequence; Understand that strength and suppleness can be improved; Recognise criteria that lead to improvement, e.g. changing a level; watch, describe and	Create, practise and refine longer, more complex sequences for a performance, including changes in level, direction and speed; Choose actions, body shapes and balances from a wider range of themes and ideas; Adapt their performance to the demands of a task, using their knowledge of composition; Use basic set criteria to make simple judgements about performances and Suggest ways they could be improved	Make up longer; more complex sequences, including changes of direction, level and speed; Develop their own solutions to a task by choosing and applying a range of compositional principles; Combine and perform gymnastic actions, shapes and balances; Show clarity, fluency, accuracy and consistency in their movements; Say, in simple terms, why activity is good for their health,	

Make their body tense,	Say why they think	With help, recognise	suggest possible	Be able to link and	fitness and
relaxed, stretched and	gymnastic actions are	how performances	improvements to	perform multiple	wellbeing;
curled;	being performed well	could be improved;	others' performances;	sequential elements	7,
Cui vecu,	Deal of performation were	Codia Be dipioved,	perger real section,	e.g. up to 8	Show an awareness
Describe what they do	Be able to perform a	Be able to perform a	Suggest improvements	e.g. up w o	of factors influencing
in their movement	sequence that flows;	sequence in time with	to their own	understand the need	the quality of a
phrases	seque de d'un jurus,	a partner;	performance		performance and
privases		a partier,	Pagerriance	for warming up and	suggest aspects that
		Know and understand	Be able to perform a	working on body	need improving
			sequence following a	strength, tone and	10000 41431 004143
		to teach a sequence	pathway, in time with	flexibility;	Be able to link at 3
		to a partner;	a partner;	المصطاحة المصطاحة المحالة	different levels;
		C		Lead small groups in	agger of w covers,
		Suggest warm-up activities;	Know and understand	warm-up activities;	Know and
		activities;	how to sequence		understand how to
			movements that move		perform at different
			people together and		levels;
			, , ,		tevers,
			apart		Be able to link and
			lead a partner		perform multiple
			l I		
			through short warm-		sequential elements
			up routines;		e.g. up to 10
					D
					Be able to adapt an
					individual sequence
					to become a group
					sequence;
					Understand the
					importance of

				warming up and cooling down:
--	--	--	--	------------------------------

Invasion Games

Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6	
Throw and catch with control to keep possession and score goals; Pass and dribble with control without opponent; Be able to bounce the ball in the direction of a target; Know and use rules fairly to keep games going; Play games with some fluency and accuracy, using a range of throwing and catching techniques; Pass and dribble with control without opponent; Pass and dribble with control without opponent; Pass and dribble with control without opponent; Pass and dribble with control in games; Identify and use tactics to help their team keep the ball and take it towards the opposition's goal; Identify tactics that present opportunities to score goals Identify tactics that present opportunities to score goals Wark opponents and help each other in defence; Mark opponents and help each other in defence;	in I

r	T		
Say when a player	as a team, and	Pick out things that	Play effectively as
has moved to help	getting into positions	could be improved in	part of a team;
others;	to score;	Performances and	
		suggest ideas and	Know what position
Apply this knowledge	Know the rules of the	practices to make	they are playing in
to their own play	games;	them better	and how to
, ,			contribute when
Suggest warm-up	Understand that they	To develop their own	attacking and
activities;	need to defend as well	game and to be able	defending;
	as attack;	to agree and teach	V
		the rules of it;	Recognise their own
	Understand how	v	and others' strengths
	strength, stamina and	Know how to make	and weaknesses in
	speed can be	games safe;	games;
	improved by playing		
	invasion games;	Be able to attempt to	Suggest ideas that
		intercept	will improve
	Watch and describe	•	performance
	others performances,	Be able to participate	
	as well as their own,	in small sided game	Be able to describe
	and suggest practices	e.g. 5 a-side	an attacking position
	that will help them		and a defending
	and others to play	Understand the need	position within a
	better	for warming up and	game situation;
		working on body	
	Be able to move to	strength, tone and	Know and
	the correct position in	flexibility;	understand positions
	order to attempt to	-	that help attacking
	score;	Lead small groups in	and defending
		warm-up activities;	

	Lead a partner through short warm- up routines;	positions within a game; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
--	---	---

Net and Wall Games

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Able to send an	Demonstrates basic	Attempts to serve to	Explores shots on	Plays a range of basic	Uses forehand,
object with increased	sending skills in isolation	begin'a game. E.g.	both sides of the	shots on both sides of	backhand and
confidence using	and small games;	underarm;	body and attempt	the body, move feet to	overhead shots with
hand or bat;			with confidence;	hit ball;	more confidence in
	Tracks the path of ball	Plays a continuous	introduction of		games;
Moves towards a	over a line/net and move	game using: throwing	forehand and	Plays modified games	
moving ball to return	towards it;	and catching or some	backhand	sending and returning	Makes appropriate
with hand or bat;		simple hitting;		a ball;	choices in games
	Hits a ball using both	·	Uses a small range of		about the best shot
Scores points against	hand and racquet with	Keeps count/score of	racquet/hand skills;	Plays with others with	to use;
opposition over a	some consistency;	a game;		some flow to the	
line/net;			Works with a partner	game, keeping track of	Starts games with
	Returns a ball coming	Can play within	/small groups to	their own scores;	the appropriate
Selects and applies	towards them using hand	boundaries;	return a served ball;		serve;
skills to win points;	or racquet;			Recognises where they	
		Uses a small range of	Plays competitively	should stand on the	Begins to use full
Chases, stops and	Plays in a modified game	basic racquet skills;	with others and	court when playing on	scoring systems;
controls balls and	send and returning the	Moves towards a ball	against others in	their own and with	
other objects such as	ball over a line/barrier;	to return over a	modified games;	others;	Develops doubles
beanbags and hoops;		line/net;			play (team play for
	Decides on and play with	Plays over a net;	Uses basic defensive	Applies some control	volleyball);
Identifies space to	dominant hand;	Suggest warm-up	tactics to defend the	when returning the	Applies tactics in
send a ball;	Be able to send a ball in	activities;	court i.e. moving to	ball including foot	games effectively;
Be able to send an	small games with		different positions on	placement, shot	Understand the
object in isolation;	increased confidence;		the court;	selection and aim;	importance of

Moves towards a	Tracks the path of a ball over a line/net and	Chooses ways to send the ball to make it		warming up and
moving ball to return it with hand or bat;	over a unerneu ana moves towards it;	difficult for opponent	their scoring system; Understand the need	cooling down;
		to return;	for warming up and	
Be able to demonstrate basic	Be able to demonstrate sending skills in isolation	Suggests and lead	working on body strength, tone and	
sending skills in	and basic games;	warm ups that	flexibility;	
isolation;	·	prepare the body	Lead small groups in	
		appropriately for net/wall activities;	warm-up activities;	
		The water acceptances,		
		Enjoy communicating,		
		collaborating and competing with each		
		other;		
		Lead a partner through short warm-		
		up routines;		

Striking and Fielding Games

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Year 1	Year 2	Vear 3 Use a range of skills, e.g. throwing, striking, intercepting and stopping a ball, with some control and accuracy; Continue to develop fundamental movement skills and become increasingly competent and confident; To understand the need for tactics; To be able to pass and catch within pairs;	Vear 4 Use a range of skills, e.g. throwing, striking, intercepting and stopping a ball, with good control and accuracy; Choose and vary skills and tactics to suit the situation in a game; Carry out tactics successfully; To be able to pass and catch within a small team;	Strike a bowled ball with some accuracy; use a range of fielding skills, e.g. catching, throwing, bowling, intercepting, with growing control and consistency; Work collaboratively in pairs, group activities and small-sided games; Use and apply the basic rules consistently and fairly; Recognise the	Strike a bowled ball with precision ball; use a range of fielding skills, e.g. catching, throwing, bowling, intercepting, with growing control and consistency; Continue to work collaboratively in pairs, group activities and small-sided games; Continue to use and apply the basic rules consistently and fairly;
		Know and understand rules of the game; Set up small games;	Know rules and use them fairly to keep games going;	activities and exercises that need including in a warm up;	Understand and implement a range of tactics in games with success;

Explain what they need to do to get ready to play games; Suggest what needs practising; Know and understand how hitting the ball further increases the chances of running further distances; Suggest warm-up activities;	Carry out warm ups with care and an awareness of what is happening to their bodies; Describe what they and others do that is successful; Be able to bat and run to distance bases; Lead a partner through short warm-up routines;	Identify their own strengths and suggest practices to help them improve; Know and understand how to score points; Start to develop an understanding of how to improve, and learn to evaluate and recognise their own success; Be able to score points by hitting a ball and running safely to the target; Know that it is	Deliver a specific warm up to a small group of peers; Identify their own and others strengths and suggest practices to help them improve; Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down;
chances of running		to evaluate and	
,		U	warming up and
			cooling down;
		ball and running	
		Know that it is advantageous to attempt to strike a batter 'out';	
		Understand the need for warming up and working on body strength, tone and flexibility;	

		Lead small groups in	
		Ÿ	
		warm-up activities;	