



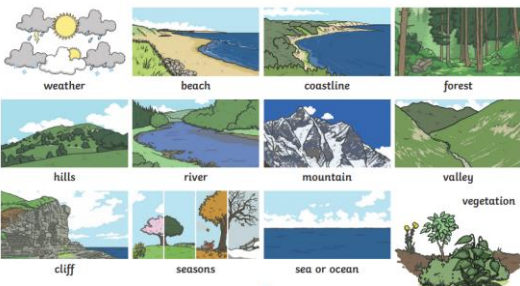
# PASSPORT TO EUROPE - POLAND

YEAR 4

## Geographical Skills:

- Locate the world's countries using maps to focus on Europe
- Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the UK, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America
- Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography
- Describe and understand key aspects of human geography
- Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.
- Use eight points of a compass and four-figure grid references.

### Physical Geography



### LINKS IN THE CURRICULUM:

Year 2 - Area Study (Rwanda)  
Year 6 - Area study (Russia)

### Human Geography



## Key Facts:

- Countries in Europe can join the European Union as long as they agree to follow the rules set by them. They work together to make people's lives better. There are 27 countries in the EU.
- Poland has cold winters and hot summers.
- Poland became it's own country in 1918 and holds an independence day on the 11<sup>th</sup> of November.
- Polish is the national language.
- The main religion in Poland is Roman Catholic.
- The currency is zloty.
- The capital city of Poland is Warsaw.
- Some famous buildings in Krakow are; Wawel Castle, the Barbican, St. Peter and Pauls' Church and the Town Hall Tower.



## KEY VOCABULARY

City	A large town.
Town	An area with a name and boundaries that is larger than a village and smaller than a city.
Physical Geography	Natural features of the world.
Human Geography	How human activity affects the planet.
Compass	An instrument that has a magnetized pointer which shows North.
Comparison	Considering the similarities and differences between two things.
Population	The inhabitants of a particular place.
Climate	The weather conditions in an area.
Currency	A system of money in use in a country.
Grid references	A map reference indicating a location.
Significant	Something important and worthy of attention.
European Union	An international organisation that governs common economic, social and security policies.
Capital city	The city that functions as the seat of government in a country.

