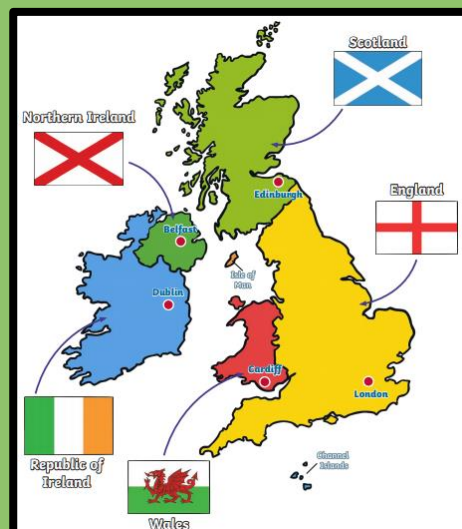


KEY VOCABULARY

City	A place where people live closely together.
County	A division of state or country for local government.
Country	Land that is controlled by a single government.
Continent	A large solid area of land.
Sea	A large area of salty water that is part of an ocean or is surrounded by land.
River	A flowing, moving stream of water that feeds into an ocean, lake, pond or another river.
Settlement	Any form of a human residence.
Region	A specific area that has common features.
Map	A drawing of all or part of the Earth's surface.
Compass	A tool used for finding directions. It is a magnetic need.
Aerial View	When we look at something from above.
Physical Geography	The study of the Earth's surface.
Human Geography	The study of human interaction with the environment.

LINKS IN THE CURRICULUM:

Year 1 - Local area study: St. Albert's
 Year 2 - Local area study: Stockbridge Village
 Year 4 - Area study: Poland
 Year 6 - Area study: London

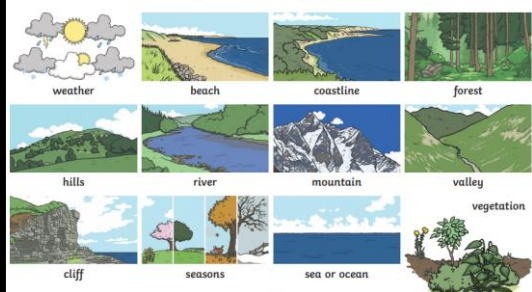


Geographical Skills:

- Use wide range of maps, atlases, globes to locate features studied.
- Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography (volcanoes and earthquakes) and human geography (types of settlement and land use).
- Locate the world's countries and identify the equator, tropics, hemispheres and poles.
- Children can identify the advantages and disadvantages of living in certain areas.
- Use standard symbols and understand the importance of a key.



Physical Geography



Human Geography



Key Facts:

- The United Kingdom is made up of 4 main Isles; England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. Ireland is part of Europe.
- The capital cities are London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Belfast and Dublin.
- The United Kingdom is broken up into different regions. We can use a map to locate these.
- Maps, keys and symbols can help us locate areas, buildings and landmarks that are important to us.
- Liverpool has loads of physical and human features in its area. Museums, cities, towns, shops, ports, offices, schools and libraries are some of their human features. Liverpool has beaches, forests, parks, seas, rivers, hills and fields.
- We can use maps to explore how Liverpool has changed over the years.